Suicide: What Parents & Teachers Can Do to Reduce Risk

YOU ARE A LIFESAVER!

It takes one caring adult to save the life of a child.
Know warning signs and identify students who might be at risk.

Remember the Risk Factors:

- Medical illness
- Psychiatric Disorders
- Isolation – Lack of Connectedness!
- Family history of mental illness
- Previous suicide attempt
- Substance use/abuse
- Impulsivity or Aggressiveness
- Recent traumatic event or loss (particularly loss of a loved one by suicide)
- Problems with the law
- History of physical or sexual abuse (experiencing or witnessing)
- Childhood trauma or witnessing trauma
- Easy access to lethal methods, especially guns
- The pressure of being a good student/athlete/child

Watch for Warning Signs:

- Isolation or withdrawal
- Depressed, sad
- Loss of energy
- Deterioration in self care
- Decreased school attendance or performance
- Reading books on suicide/death
- Increased use of drugs, alcohol, sex
- Reference being dead, joking about it
- Loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities or sports
- Changes in behavior, academics, social
- Self-defeating statements (I’d be better off dead)
- Hopelessness about the future
- Serious illness or injury especially with consequences (i.e. can no longer play sports)
- Feeling helpless or worthless
- Trouble concentrating or thinking quickly
- Preoccupation with death in comics/movies
- Discussing suicide in their writings…
- Increased hostility, defensiveness
- Change in eating or sleeping (weight loss/gain)
- Disinterest in making future plans
- Euphoria, attitude becomes calm, certain

*If ANY of the above are present…refer your child immediately.*
**Protective Factors:**
Having social supports, feeling connected, being cognitively flexible, willing to obtain treatment, strong spiritual or religious ties, being physically healthy, being hopeful, having coping strategies, & having RESILIENCE.

**Remember…**
*It is better to be safe than sorry.*
*Suicide is a PERMANENT solution to a TEMPORARY problem.*
*Children/Teens want to end the emotional pain more than they really want to die.*

**What is a Suicidal Emergency?**
It may be an emergency if your child expresses any of these:
- Intense feeling of being a burden to others
- Intense feeling of not belonging
- Intense feelings of hopelessness; no reason to live
- Intense thoughts of lethal self-harm
- Describing a specific plan
- Seeking means of self-harm
- Talking about wanting to die
- Agitation, rage or labile mood

These warning signs are especially noteworthy in light of a recent suicide death or other loss of someone close to your child. If your child mentions suicide, take it seriously.

**What to do:**
*If there seems to be a suicidal emergency, do not leave your child alone. Get help immediately:*
- If in school, take them to a mental health/guidance staff member immediately
- Out of school, take them to a local crisis center
- Suicide Hotlines: 1-800-273-TALK or 1-800-SUICIDE
- Call 911

*If it is not an emergency, but you are concerned about your child, you may decide to contact your school’s guidance office, your medical doctor, or a private therapist or psychiatrist.*

**Remember that the NUMBER ONE protective factor in the life of a child is a caring adult who listens to a child without judgment. This is often a parent or teacher!**